

## THE FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM OF ALGEBRA

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[Fundamental theorem of algebra - Wikipedia](#)

While the fundamental theorem of algebra states a general existence result, it is of some interest, both from the theoretical and from the practical point of view, to have information on the location of the zeros of a given polynomial.

[The Fundamental theorem of Algebra \(video\) | Khan Academy](#)

Sal introduces the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra, which, as is reflected in its name, is a very important theorem about polynomials.

[The Fundamental Theorem of Algebra](#)

The statement of the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra can also be read as follows: Any non-constant complex polynomial function defined on the complex plane  $\mathbb{C}$  (when thought of as  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ) has at least one root, i.e., vanishes in at least one place.

[Fundamental Theorem of Algebra - Math is Fun](#)

The "Fundamental Theorem of Algebra" is not the start of algebra or anything, but it does say something interesting about polynomials: Any polynomial of degree  $n$  has  $n$  roots but we may need to use complex numbers.

[Fundamental Theorem of Algebra: Explanation and Example ...](#)

The fundamental theorem of algebra states the following: A polynomial function  $f(x)$  of degree  $n$  (where  $n > 0$ ) has  $n$  complex solutions for the equation  $f(x) = 0$ . Please note that the terms 'zeros

[Fundamental Theorem of Algebra - Brilliant.org](#)

The Fundamental theorem of algebra states that any nonconstant polynomial with complex coefficients has at least one complex root. The theorem implies that any polynomial with complex coefficients of degree  $n$  ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ) has  $n$  ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ) complex roots, counted with multiplicity.

[What is the fundamental theorem of algebra? |](#)

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[Fundamental Theorem of Algebra: Every polynomial can be factored into a product of linear factors and irreducible quadratic factors. A degree  \$n\$  polynomial has exactly  \$n\$  roots.](#)

[Fundamental Theorem of Algebra](#)

This video explains the concept behind The Fundamental Theorem of Algebra. It also shows examples of positive, negative, and imaginary roots of  $f(x)$  on the graph. There is a short quiz at the end.

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